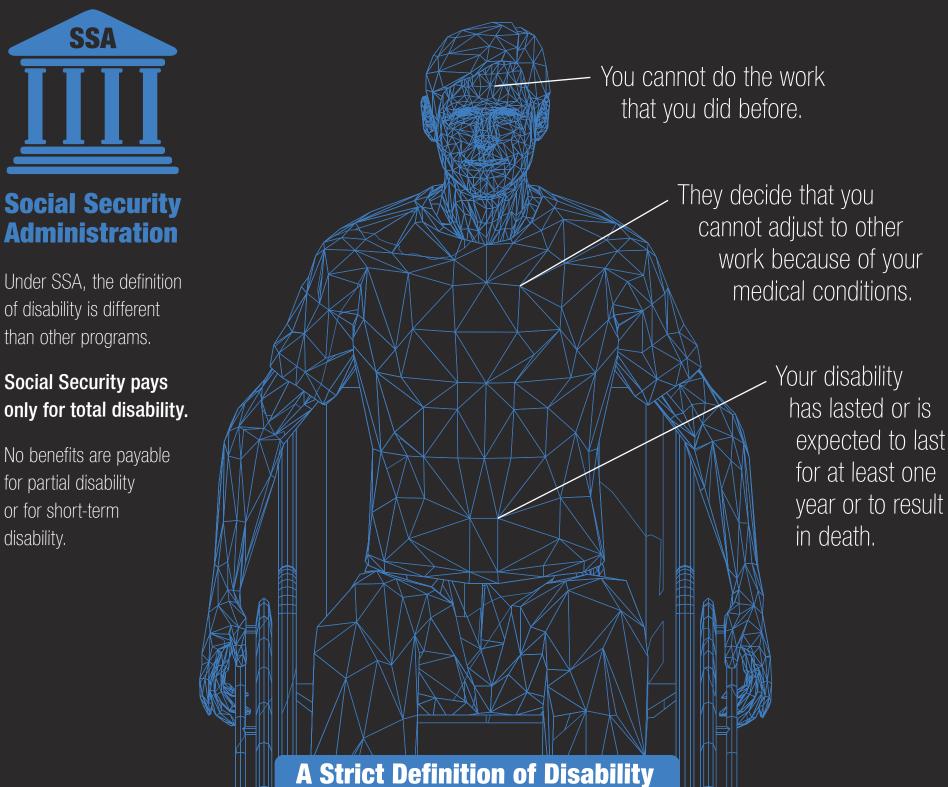


## **ABOUT SOCIAL SECURITY DISABILITY\***

## SSA Considers You Disabled If...



during periods of short-term disabilities, including workers' compensation, insurance, savings and investments.

Social Security program rules assume that working families have access to other resources to provide support

## **How SSA Decides If You Are Disabled**

If you meet the earning requirements to qualify for disability benefits, SSA uses a step-by-step process involving these 5 questions:

Are you working?

If you are working and your earnings average more than \$1260 gross (in 2020),† you generally cannot be considered disabled. They consider earnings of that amount or more "substantial gainful activity."

NOT WORKING?

EARNINGS TOO HIGH

†\$2110 for blindness (in 2020)

Is your condition "severe"?

Your condition must significantly limit your

Your condition must significantly limit your ability to do basic work such as lifting, standing, walking, sitting, and remembering – for at least 12 months. If it does not, they will find that you are not disabled.

CONDITION SEVERE?

CONDITION NOT SEVERE

Is your condition found in the list of disabling conditions?

For each of the major body systems they maintain a list of medical conditions that they

consider so severe that it prevents a person from full time work.

Compassionate Allowances: Certain cases may qualify for disability as soon as the diagnosis

is confirmed, such as acute leukemia, Lou Gehrig's disease (ALS), or pancreatic cancer.

If your condition is not on the list, they have to decide if it is as severe as a medical

NOT DISABLED?

YOU ARE DISABLED

CONDITION NOT SEVERE

condition that is on the list. If it is, they will find that you are disabled.

At this step they decide if your medical impairments prevent you from performing any of your past work. If it doesn't, they will decide that you don't have a qualifying disability and your claim will be denied.

CAN'T PERFORM PAST WORK?

Can you do any other type of work?

Can you do the work you did previously?

CAN PERFORM PAST WORK

**CAN DO OTHER WORK** 

If you can't do the work you did in the past, they look to see if there is other work you could do despite your impairments. They consider your medical conditions, your age, your education, any past work experience and any transferable skills you may have. If you can do other work, they will decide that you don't have a qualifying disability and your claim will be denied.

CAN'T DO OTHER WORK?

SSA will decide you are disabled.

UNITED STATES (Check No. BEG)



\*Adapted from SSA.gov.

**SSA** decides

you are not

disabled.